

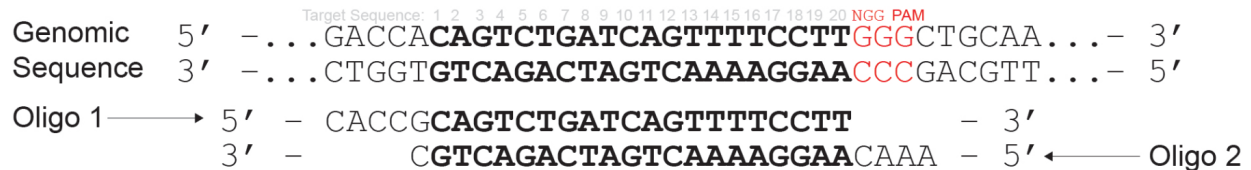
sgRNA cloning protocol – Modified version of S. Konermann’s Zhang lab protocol, 2014

In order to clone the guide target sequence into the pLentiCRISPRv2 backbone, synthesize two oligos of the following form. **Both plasmids have the same overhangs:**

NOTE: The 5’ “G” (in CACCG on Oligo 1) and complementary “C” (at 3’ end of Oligo 2) only need to be added if sgRNA sequence doesn’t already start with “G”. If it does, only append 5’CACC to Oligo 1 and 5’AAAC to Oligo 2.



Example oligo design: Note that the NGG PAM is **not** included in the designed oligos.



Oligonucleotide ordering tips: Standard de-salted oligos (usually the most inexpensive synthesis) are sufficient for cloning. If not already resuspended, dilute each oligo to 100 μM in sterile water or TE.

Clone sgRNA into lentiCRISPR vectors using Golden **PROTOCOL:** Gate cloning

Step 1: Anneal Oligos

reagent	Volume [in μl]
Oligo 1 (100μM)	1
Oligo 2 (100μM)	1
10X T4 Ligation buffer	1
ddH2O	6.5
T4 PNK	0.5
	10

PCR Program: Anneal

- 1 37°C - 30min
- 2 95°C - 5min
- 3 Ramp to 25°C at rate 6°C/min

- Add 90uL of ddH2O to **product** from **Step 1** to dilute it 1:10, then proceed to **Step 2**.

Step 2: Golden Gate reaction (modified from original Zhang lab protocol)

reagent	1x reaction Volume [in μ l]
10x T4 DNA Ligation buffer	2.5
BSA [10mg/ml]	0.25
BsmBI-v2 (<i>aka Esp3i</i> from NEB)	1
T4-ligase	1
1:10 diluted annealed oligo (in ddH2O)	1
backbone vector [25ng/ μ l]	1
ddH2O	18.25
	25

PCR Program: GoldenGate

- 1 42°C - 5min
 - 2 16°C - 5min
- > 15 cycles

Transform Stab3 E.coli with 2 μ l of Golden Gate product. Plate onto **Ampicillin** plates. In general, picking 2-3 colonies per guides should be sufficient to ensure a correct clone.

Note: it is not necessary to perform a negative control golden-gate reaction (without insert) as it will always contain colonies and is not a good indicator of cloning success.